WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A cationic catalysis system comprising an initiator (I), a catalyst (K) and a cocatalyst
 (CoK).
- The catalytic system as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the cocatalyst (CoK) is an agent which releases the polymerization active center from its counterion generated by the reaction between the catalyst (K) and the initiator (I).
- 3. The catalytic system as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the cocatalyst (CoK) is a molecule having at least one double bond depleted in electrons by an electron-withdrawing group.
- 4. The catalytic system as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the cocatalyst (CoK) is taken from the group of complexing agents consisting of o-chloranil (3,4,5,6-tetrachloro-1,2-benzoquinone), p-chloranil (2,3,5,6-tetrachloro-1,4-benzoquinone), nitrobenzene, trinitro-benzene, tetracyanoethylene, difluoronitrobenzene, pentafluorobenzene, hexafluorobenzene and octafluorotoluene.
- 5. The catalytic system as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the catalyst (K) comprises an element (M) belonging to Groups IB, IIB and A, IIIB and IIIA, IVB and IVA, VB and VA, and VIIIB of the Periodic Table of the Elements.

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6. The catalytic system as claimed in claim 5, characterized in that the element (M) is taken from the group consisting of the chemical elements

B, Ti, Sn, Al, Hf, Zn, Be, Sb, Ga, In, Zr, V, As and Bi.

- 7. The catalytic system as claimed in either of claims 5 and 6, characterized in that the catalyst (K) is a Lewis acid of general formula R_nMX_{3-n} for M an element belonging to Group IIIA, of general formula MX_4 for M an element belonging to Groups VA, IVA and IVB, and of general formula MX_5 for M an element belonging to Group VB, with:
 - R a monovalent radical taken from the group consisting of trifluoromethylsulfonate, hydrocarbon groups with 1 to 12 carbon atoms of alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, alkylaryl or cycloalkyl type, and alkoxys;
 - X a halogen atom taken from the group F, Cl, Br and I;
 - n an integer from 0 to 3.
- 20 8. The catalytic system as claimed in one of claims 5 to 7, characterized in that the catalyst is taken from the group consisting of TiCl₄, ZrCl₄, SnCl₄, VCl₄, SbF₅, AlCl₃, AlBr₃, BF₃, BCl₃, FeCl₃, EtAlCl₂, Et_{1.5}AlCl_{1.5}, Et₂AlCl, AlMe₃ and AlEt₃.

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- 9. The catalytic system as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the initiator (I) can be a monofunctional molecule (I1), a difunctional molecule (I2), a molecule substituted by one or more halogen atoms (I3) or a Brønsted acid (I4).
- 10. A process for the cationic polymerization of C3 to C10 monomers involving a catalytic system as claimed in one of the preceding claims.
 - 11. The process as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that the monomers are taken from the group consisting of dimethylketene, isobutylene, but-1-

ene, 4-methylpent-1-ene, oct-1-ene, 2-methylbut-1-3-methylbut-1-ene, 2-methylbut-2-ene, styrene, styrenes substituted by alkyl radicals, α-methylstyrene or p-methylstyrene, 5 halosubstituted styrenes, such as p-chlorostyrene, propylene, isopentene, vinyl monomers in general and vinyl ethers in particular, diolefins cyclodiolefins with conjugated dienes, such as 2,3-dimethyl-1,3-butadiene, 1,3-butadiene, 6,6-dimethylfulvene, 10 hexadiene, myrcene, cyclopentadiene, piperylene, isoprene, cyclohexadiene or vinylnorbornene, and $\beta\text{-pinene}$.

- 12. A polymer capable of being obtained by the process as claimed in either of claims 10 and 11.
 - 13. The use of the catalytic system as claimed in one of claims 1 to 9.